SAPTHAGIRI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

14/5, Chikkasandra, Hesaraghatta Main Road, Bangalore-560057

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Certificate



Certified that the project work entitled "Secure And Efficient Data Transfer in Cluster base Vireless Sensor Networks "carried out by ADITI KUMARI (1SG11CS005), ARJITA (1SG11CS013 IAGADEVI KORI (1SG11CS030), JYOTI KUSHWAHA (1SG11CS032), bonafide students appthagiri College of Engineering, in partial fulfillment for the award of Bachelor of Engineering nComputer Science and Engineering of Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the academic year 2014-15. It is certified that all corrections/suggestions indicated for internal assessment has been incorporated in the report deposited in the department library. The project report has been approved as satisfies the academic requirements in respect of Project work prescribed for the said degree.

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Mrs. Veena Gadad	Dr.C.M.Prashanth	Dr.Aswatha Kumar M
Assistant Professor	Professor & Head	Principal
Name of the Examiners		Signature with date
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ABSTRACT

Secure data transmission is a critical issue for wireless sensor networks (WSNs). Clustering is an effective and practical way to enhance the system performance of WSNs. In this paper, we study a secure data transmission for cluster-based WSNs (CWSNs), where the clusters are formed dynamically and periodically. We propose two Secure and Efficient data Transmission (SET) protocols for CWSNs, called SET-IBS and SET-IBOOS, by using the Identity-Based digital Signature (IBS) scheme and the Identity-Based Online/Offline digital Signature (IBOOS) scheme, respectively. In SET-IBS, security relies on the hardness of the Diffie-Hellman problem in the pairing domain. SET-IBOOS further reduces the computational overhead for protocol security, which is crucial for WSNs, while its security relies on the hardness of the discrete logarithm problem. We show the feasibility of the SET-IBS and SET-IBOOS protocols with respect to the security requirements and security analysis against various attacks. The calculations and simulations are provided to illustrate the efficiency of the proposed protocols. The results show that, the proposed protocols have better performance than the existing secure protocols for CWSNs, in terms of security overhead and energy consumption.